# No road to Damascus: the Glass Floor as metaphorical barrier to post-epiphany adoption of sustainable consumption

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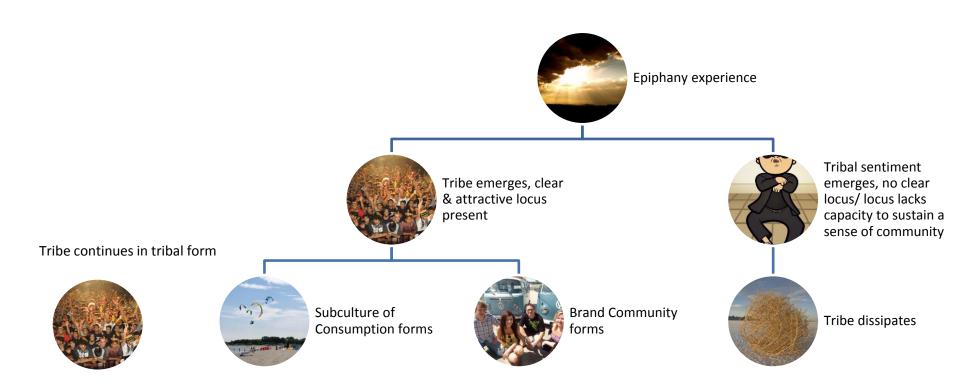
#### Multiple metaphors

The Road to Damascus/Pauline conversion

Consumer conversion experience (Belk et al, 1989)



# Emergence / dissipation of consumer community



# ethical epiphany/ conversion experience

Cherrier (2005) found that the desire to consume ethically/ sustainably emanates from what she defines as a **triggering event** (these can sometimes be traumatic)

These 'trigger' experiences have parallels with other forms of consumer conversion experience/ consumer epiphany

Ethical/ sustainability-related epiphanies do <u>not</u> typically lead to membership of a sustainability-focused consumption community – why not?

#### The Glass Floor (Cherrier et al, 2012)

Negative perceptions of sustainable consumption practices contribute to a 'glass floor' effect whereby it's difficult for consumers to practice modes of sustainable consumption when criticized or questioned by friends, colleagues, or family members.

The resulting 'glass floor' is so-called because of the **invisible nature of structural forces** that compel individuals to maintain a **socio-culturally acceptable** level of greenhouse gas emission.



### Can we break the glass floor?

Feeling a sense of assurance with regard to the social attractiveness/ acceptability of one's behaviour is **not easily attained**, post sustainability-related conversion experience

Unless sustainability-related epiphanies receive social affirmation, the glass floor undermines personal capacity to adopt sustainable practices

Sustainable consumption needs to be de-stigmatized/ non-sustainable consumption may need to be de-normalized!

Sample promotional ad for public transport - <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=75F3CSZcCFs">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=75F3CSZcCFs</a>