

# Catherine McAuley School of Nursing and Midwifery University College Cork and Participating Health Service Providers

# Peripheral Intravenous Infusion Policy for

**BSc General and BSc Children's and General** (Integrated) Nursing Undergraduate Students

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### **Amendments History**

Date	Amendment	Lead Author			
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# **Peripheral Intravenous Infusion Policy**

## BSc General and BSc Children's and General (Integrated) Nursing Students

# 1.0 Policy Statement

1.1 It is the policy of University College Cork in conjunction with Health Service Providers and the Health Service Executive (HSE) that <u>only</u> registered nurses (RN) and registered midwives (RM) who have undertaken the necessary education and training are enabled and facilitated to undertake safe administration of intravenous medications (Office of Nursing & Midwifery Services Director, 2013, p.4). Undergraduate nursing and midwifery students are not allowed to administer intravenous medications.

# 2.0 Purpose

2.1 This policy provides direction toward best practice for both BSc undergraduate nursing students and their educators in relation to what aspects of peripheral intravenous (IV) infusions students may participate and/or engage in during their undergraduate education programme.

# 3.0 Scope

- 3.1 This policy applies to BSc undergraduate nursing students who are either supernumerary and/or in their internship year of the BSc programme.
- 3.2 This policy does <u>not</u> apply to the administration of oral medication, transfusion of blood and blood products or Total Parenteral Nutrition or other routes of administration outside of IV fluids and IV medications.
- 3.3 BSc undergraduate nursing students (neither supernumerary nor internship) are <u>not</u> permitted, under any circumstances, to participate in the following activities:
  - The preparation or administration of blood, blood products, Total Parenteral Nutrition (TPN), or IV fluids with electrolytes (added either at ward level or pre-prepared solutions).
  - o Double check blood or blood products for IV administration.
  - o Flush a peripheral IV device at any stage, either before, during, or after IV fluid administration.

# 4.0 Legislation / Other Related Policies

- 4.1 It is expected that each BSc undergraduate nursing student and their educators (preceptors, RGNs, etc.) who are supervising students during clinical placements are familiar with this document, as well as with other national publications by the Nursing and Midwifery Board of Ireland and the Health Service Executive relating to nursing practice, including the following:
  - An Bord Altranais (2007) *Guidance to Nurses and Midwives on Medication Management*. Nursing and Midwifery Board of Ireland, Dublin.
  - Nursing and Midwifery Board of Ireland (2020) Guidance to Registered Nurses and Midwives on Medication Management. Nursing and Midwifery Board Ireland, Dublin.
  - Nursing and Midwifery Board of Ireland (2014) Code of Professional Conduct and Ethics for Registered Nurses and Registered Midwives. Nursing and Midwifery Board of Ireland, Dublin.
  - Nursing and Midwifery Board of Ireland (NMBI) (2015a) *Scope of Nursing and Midwifery Practice Framework*. Nursing and Midwifery Board of Ireland, Dublin.
  - Nursing and Midwifery Board of Ireland (2015b) *Recording Clinical Practice*. Nursing and Midwifery Board of Ireland, Dublin.
  - Office of Nursing & Midwifery Services Director (2013) *National Policy for Administration of Intravenous Medication by Registered Nurses and Midwives*. Health Service Executive, Dublin. <a href="http://www.lenus.ie/hse">http://www.lenus.ie/hse</a>
- 4.2 They must also be familiar with and adhere to policy/procedure and guidance documents from their respective Health Service Provider area, in particular local policies for the administration of IV infusion therapy.

# 5.0 Glossary of Terms and Definitions

- **5.1 ABA:** An Bord Altranais
- **5.2 ANTT: Aseptic non-touch technique**: Aims to prevent pathogenic microorganisms in sufficient quantity to cause infection, from being introduced to susceptible sites by hands, surfaces and equipment.
- **5.3 BSc Nursing student:** Refers to an undergraduate student in General or Children's and General (Integrated) Nursing programmes who is registered with the School of Nursing and Midwifery, UCC.
- **5.4 Direct supervision:** The supervisor (RGN, RM), is physically present and observes the procedure/activity.
- **Double checking**: The process/activity of having a second colleague *independently* check the preparation of a medication for administration (ABA, 2007). These may include registered nurses, doctors or pharmacists, independently checking the medications.
- **Extravasation**: An extravasation occurs when there is accidental infiltration of a vesicant or chemotherapeutic drug into the surrounding IV site.

- **5.7 HSP:** Health service provider.
- **5.8 Infiltration**: Occurs when fluid infuses into the tissues surrounding the venepuncture site. This sometimes happens when the tip of the catheter slips out of the vein, the catheter passes through the wall of the vein, or the blood vessel wall allows part of the fluid to infuse into the surrounding tissue.
- **5.9 Infusion**: Fluid(s) prescribed in accordance with hospital policy and administered in accordance with the individual hospital's medication administration policy and ABA (2007) guidelines.
- **5.10 Internship:** The student works as a member of the nursing/midwifery team and is an employee of the health service provider (Year 4/5).
- **5.11 Intravenous medication:** A pharmaceutic delivered directly into the blood stream via a vein (Mosby's Medical Dictionary, 2009)
- **5.12 NMBI:** Nursing and Midwifery Board of Ireland.
- **5.13 Peripheral intravenous infusion:** The instillation into the vein of fluids via a peripheral venous catheter.
- **5.14 Peripheral IV devices**: Cannula/catheters inserted into a small peripheral vein for therapeutic purposes such as administration of medications, fluids and/or blood products.
- **5.15 Phlebitis:** Swelling, redness, heat, and pain related to local inflammation of the vein at or near the cannula site.
- **5.16 Pump**: Refers to infusion pumps e.g. large volume pumps, syringe drivers, patient controlled analgesia (PCA) pumps.
- **5.17 Supernumerary:** The student is a participant learner, additional to the scheduled complement of qualified nursing and/or midwifery staff.

# 6.0 General Principles of Peripheral IV Management for BSc Nursing Students

- Participation in the preparation and management of IV fluids by BSc undergraduate nursing students should, at all times, be under the <u>direct supervision</u> of a <u>registered nurse/midwife</u> who has successfully completed the required intravenous study day (provided by the respective health service provider (HSP)), and has achieved competence in that practice (successfully completed assessment and supervised practice).
- **6.2** Participation in the preparation and management of IV fluids via peripheral IV device by nursing students is **strictly limited** to the following 4 fluids only:

- Normal Saline 0.9%
- Hartmann's Solution
- Dextrose Saline
- Dextrose 5%
- **6.3** Supernumerary nursing students are <u>not</u> permitted to <u>administer</u> IV fluids/IV preparations.
- 6.4 Supernumerary students who have successfully completed UCC's Intravenous Management Skills workshop and Numeracy Assessment, and received the appropriate certification are permitted to be **involved** with IV fluids (see 6.2) as outlined in Appendix 1.
- 6.5 Supernumerary Children's and General (Integrated) nursing students who have successfully completed the numeracy assessment in Year 3 (UCC), **AND** their "Double Checking Assessment" (CUH) on internship, are permitted to double check IV fluids in children's wards where hospital policy permits.
- 6.6 <u>Internship</u> nursing students are permitted to be involved with IV fluids and IV medications as outlined in Appendix 1. Internship nursing students are not permitted to administer IV medications.

Internship nursing students must be cognisant of, and adhere to the NMBI (2020, p.18) guidelines on double-checking which states that:

'Double-checking of medications prior to administration is not a statutory requirement. However, for the administration of high-alert medications, medications whose dosage can change, dosages based on weight or medication that requires complex arithmetical calculations, local PPPGs may require a system of independent verification'.

- 6.7 <u>Internship</u> nursing students <u>are</u> permitted to recommence and administer the following IV fluids only and <u>must</u> be under the direct supervision/presence of a registered nurse/midwife:
  - Normal Saline 0.9%
  - Hartmann's Solution
  - Dextrose Saline
  - Dextrose 5%
- 6.8 All preparation and management of peripheral IV infusions by nursing students must, at all times, be in accordance with the respective HSP policies and ABA/NMBI guidance documents.
- **See Appendix 1** for specific detail for BSc undergraduate nursing students (Years 2 to 5) in relation to their education/training in peripheral IV infusions in accordance with level of learning (exposure, participation, identification, internalization and dissemination).

# 7.0 Roles and responsibilities

- 7.1 BSc undergraduate nursing students must, at all times, adhere to the conditions of their Practice Placement Agreement (PPA), with particular reference to points 8, 16 and 17 of the PPA.
- 7.2 BSc undergraduate nursing students (supernumerary and internship) must endeavour to recognise their own limitations and to seek help/support when their level of experience is inadequate to handle a situation relating to peripheral IV infusions (preparation/management). Section 4.5 of The Scope of Nursing and Midwifery Practice Framework (NMBI 2015) provides key guidance and consideration for nurses and midwives regarding delegation, supervision and education of nursing or midwifery students in providing safe patient care. NMBI Guidance for Registered Nurses and Midwives on Medication Administration (2020) Section 7.4 page 21 states:
  - 'A nursing or midwifery student should only administer a medication to a patient under the direct supervision of a registered nurse or midwife when they the student, agrees to undertake the administration'.
- 7.3 BSc undergraduate nursing students must have successfully completed their IV education and numeracy assessment in the School of Nursing and Midwifery UCC (Year 3) prior to undertaking IV preparation and management with the 4 specified fluids outlined here:
  - Normal Saline 0.9%
  - Hartmann's Solution
  - Dextrose Saline
  - Dextrose 5%
- 7.5 Registered nurses/midwives are professionally responsible and accountable for their practice, attitudes and actions, including inactions and omissions. The registered nurse or midwife who is delegating (the delegator) is accountable for the decision to delegate. This means that the delegator is accountable for ensuring that the delegated role or activity is appropriate to the level of competence of the BSc undergraduate nursing student to perform (NMBI, 2015a).
- 7.6 It is the responsibility of the School of Nursing and Midwifery UCC to ensure that all nursing students receive the required education and training regarding peripheral IV infusion preparation and management, in accordance with this policy.

# 8.0 School of Nursing and Midwifery UCC Education and Training

- **8.1** <u>YEAR 2</u>. Nursing students (General and Children's and General (Integrated)) are introduced to pharmacology and the principles of medication management (Appendix 2).
- **YEAR 3.** At the beginning of the 3rd academic year, nursing students are introduced to the principles, preparation and management of peripheral IV infusions. This is a standalone peripheral IV management programme specifically designed for BSc students to address the relevant theoretical and practical aspects of peripheral IV infusion therapy including the nursing care and management of IV access devices (Appendix 2).

- **8.3** Students must undertake UCC's Intravenous Management Skills workshop and Numeracy Assessment. On successful completion of the workshop and assessments students will receive a certification email to be presented to their preceptor as evidence of completion.
- **8.4 YEAR 4.** Students complete an IV online numeracy assessment in semester one (Appendix 2).
- **8.5** Evidence of successful completion of the IV management programme and numeracy examination is essential in order for nursing students to participate in the preparation and management of peripheral IV infusions while on clinical placement.

# References

Mosby's Medical Dictionary (2009) 8th Edition, Elsevier.

An Bord Altranais (ABA) (2007) *Guidance to Nurses and Midwives on Medication Management*. Dublin, Nursing and Midwifery Board of Ireland. https://www.nmbi.ie/nmbi/media/NMBI/Guidance-medicines-management.pdf

Nursing and Midwifery Board of Ireland (2020). Guidance for Registered Nurses and Midwives on Medication Administration Dublin, Nursing and Midwifery Board of Ireland. https://www.nmbi.ie/NMBI/media/NMBI/NMBI-Medication-Administration-2020

Nursing and Midwifery Board of Ireland (2014) *Code of Professional Conduct and Ethics for Registered Nurses and Registered Midwives*. Dublin, Nursing and Midwifery Board of Ireland. <a href="https://www.nmbi.ie/Standards-Guidance/Code">https://www.nmbi.ie/Standards-Guidance/Code</a>

Nursing and Midwifery Board of Ireland (2015a) *Scope of Nursing and Midwifery Practice Framework*. Dublin, Nursing and Midwifery Board of Ireland. <a href="https://www.nmbi.ie/Standards-Guidance/Scope-of-Practice">https://www.nmbi.ie/Standards-Guidance/Scope-of-Practice</a>

Nursing and Midwifery Board of Ireland (2015b) *Recording Clinical Practice*. Dublin, Nursing and Midwifery Board of Ireland. www.nmbi.ie/Standards-Guidance/More-Standards-Guidance/Recording-Clinical-Practice

Office of Nursing & Midwifery Services Director (2013) *National Policy for Administration of Intravenous Medication by Registered Nurses and Midwives*. Dublin, Health Service Executive. <a href="http://www.lenus.ie/hse/handle/10147/304777">http://www.lenus.ie/hse/handle/10147/304777</a>

Appendix 1						
BSc General Nursing and	BSc Children's and General (Integ	rated) Nursing students' <u>involveme</u> r	<u>it</u> in peripheral IV infusions			
YEAR 1 General	YEAR 2 General	YEAR 3 General	YEAR 4 General			
YEAR 1 Integrated	YEAR 2/3 Integrated	YEAR 4 Integrated	YEAR 5 Integrated			
<b>Exposure</b> : This is limited to the	<b>Exposure</b> : This is limited to the	Participation under direct	Participation under direct supervision			
nursing student <u>observing</u> a	nursing student <u>observing</u> a	supervision of a registered	of a registered nurse/midwife with the			
registered nurse / midwife	registered nurse / midwife	nurse/midwife with the following:	following:			
performing the following:	performing the following:	> Selection of one of the 4 specified,	> Selection of one of the 4 specified,			
Peripheral IV related	Selection of prescribed IV fluid.	prescribed IV fluids.	prescribed IV fluids.			
documentation.	> Prime an IV line with prescribed	> Prime an IV line with one of the 4				
Change of peripheral IV	fluid.	specified, prescribed IV fluids only.	in policy.			
dressing using ANTT.	Calculate flow rate of IV infusion	Calculate flow rate of IV infusion	> Prime an IV line with one of the 4			
> Removal of peripheral IV	and adjust using roller clamp or	and adjust using roller clamp or	specified, prescribed IV fluids.			
cannula.	pump as appropriate.	pump as appropriate.	Calculate flow rate of IV infusion and			
> Selection of prescribed IV fluid.	> Preparation of infusion pump	> Preparation of infusion pump	adjust using roller clamp or pump as			
> Prime an IV line with prescribed	including threading tubing	including threading tubing through	appropriate.			
fluid.	through device, connecting to	device, connecting to peripheral IV	Preparation of infusion pump			
Calculate flow rate of IV	peripheral IV cannula and	cannula.	including threading tubing through			
infusion and adjust using roller	commencing infusion.  > Troubleshooting of infusion	Troubleshooting of infusion device alarms.	device, connecting to peripheral intravenous cannula.			
<ul><li>clamp or pump as appropriate.</li><li>Preparation of infusion pump</li></ul>	Troubleshooting of infusion device alarms.	Replace completed IV infusions	<ul><li>Troubleshooting of infusion device</li></ul>			
including threading tubing	<ul><li>Replace completed IV infusions</li></ul>	with one of the 4 specified,	alarms.			
through device, connecting to	with prescribed follow-on	prescribed follow-on infusion.	<ul><li>Replace completed IV infusions</li></ul>			
peripheral IV cannula and	infusion.	<ul><li>Discontinue fluids, disconnect</li></ul>	with one of the 4 specified,			
commencing infusion.	<ul><li>Discontinue fluids, disconnect</li></ul>	from peripheral IV cannula and	prescribed follow-on infusion.			
<ul><li>Troubleshooting of IV device</li></ul>	from peripheral IV cannula and	dispose appropriately.	<ul> <li>Discontinue fluids, disconnect from</li> </ul>			
alarms.	dispose appropriately.	-rr r	peripheral IV cannula and dispose			
<ul><li>Replace completed IV infusions</li></ul>	· ·	<b>Identification</b>	appropriately.			
with prescribed follow-on	attending to hygiene, clothes	<ul><li>Observation and documentation in</li></ul>	<ul><li>Seek permission to use the pause</li></ul>			
infusion.	change or elimination needs.	relation to peripheral IV cannula.	function when attending to hygiene,			
> Discontinue fluids, disconnect	_	Change of dressing of peripheral IV	clothes change or elimination needs.			
from peripheral IV cannula and	of suspected phlebitis or	cannula using ANTT.	> Use of pause function in the event of			
dispose appropriately.	extravasation.	Removal of peripheral IV cannula	suspected phlebitis or extravasation			
	Participation under direct	and completion of relevant	and notify a registered nurse/midwife			
➤ Use of pause function when	supervision of a registered	documentation.	immediately.			
attending to hygiene, clothes	nurse/midwife:	> Supernumerary nursing students				
change or elimination needs.		who have successfully completed	Internalisation			

Use of pause function in the event of suspected phlebitis or extravasation.

# **Participation** under direct supervision of a registered nurse/midwife:

> Removal of peripheral IV cannula and completion of relevant documentation.

Supernumerary nursing students are not permitted to press the stop, start button, recommence or administer IV fluids

> Change of dressing of peripheral IV cannula using ANTT.

> Removal of peripheral IV cannula and completion of relevant documentation.

the numeracy assessment in Year 3, and received appropriate stamp in their clinical booklet, may double check IV fluids.

Supernumerary nursing students are

- > Observation and documentation in relation to peripheral IV cannula.
- > Change of dressing of peripheral IV cannula using ANTT.
- > Removal of IV cannula and completion of relevant documentation.
- > Double check for IV fluids
- Double check IV medications as per local hospital policy.
- Sign as the "second checker" in accordance with local HSP policy double-checking and NMBI guidelines (2007,medications p.11,12)

https://www.nmbi.ie/nmbi/media/N MBI/Publications/Guidance-

Medicines-

Management.pdf?ext=.pdf and only under direct supervision or, in the presence of, a registered nurse/midwife.

Internship students only are permitted to:

commence/recommence the following IV fluids only and under the direct supervision of a registered

nurse/midwife:

Normal Saline 0.9%

Hartmann's Solution

Press the start button to

**Dextrose Saline** 

Dextrose 5%

Where hospital policy permits

Supernumerary nursing students are not permitted to press the stop, start button, recommence or administer IV fluids

not permitted to press the stop, start button, recommence or administer IV fluids

# **APPENDIX 2**

# **Medication and Intravenous Management Education**

# **Medication and Intravenous Management Education**

for

BSc General and Children's and General (Integrated) Nursing Students
School of Nursing and Midwifery, UCC



# YEAR TWO: NU2003

- Pharmacology and Medication Management for Nurses and Midwives (5 credits)
- Workbook on drug calculations
- Completion of an online drug calculations MCQ (oral and IV medications)
- Completion of HSEland Medicines Management programme



# YEAR THREE: ESSENTIAL SKILLS – NU3068, NU3082

- Online Theoretical Instruction and Assessment (Infusion pumps and devices;
   Priming and connecting an infusion set; Intravenous infusions & Problem solving:
   Visual Infusion Phlebitis (VIP) Score).
- IV Skills Workshop:
- Station 1: Preparation and Administration of IV Fluids
- Station 2: Infusion Pump Orientation and Practice
- Station 3: Peripheral Venous Cannula (PVC) Assessment, Dressing Change and Documentation
- Online Numeracy Assessment (Pass mark 100%)