

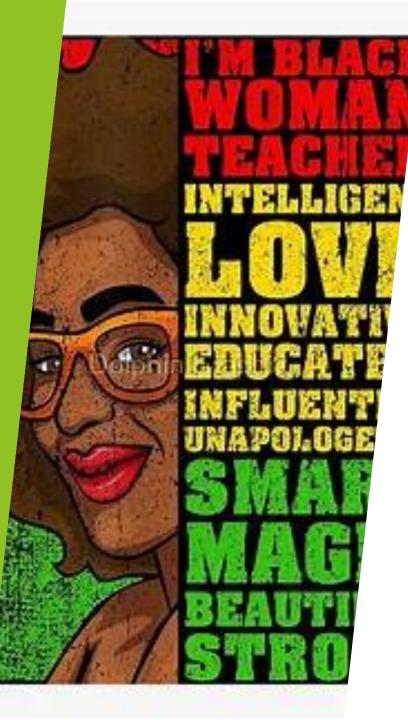


Responding to Racism in Social Work Practice Placements

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20th April 2023



Session Overview

- Language
- Everyday, Systemic and Institutional Racism
- Whiteness and White privilege
- Anti-Racism and Allyship



Who Am I?

- UK Anti-Racism Lead at the British Association of Social Workers (BASW)
- Course Lead MA Social Work at the Tavistock and Portman NHS Foundation Trust
- Co-Developed and Deliver a Short Course entitled 'Becoming an Anti-Racist Practitioner – A Call to Allyship'
- Qualified Social Worker Practice Experience -Safeguarding children facing adverse childhood experiences with a particular interest in work with vulnerable children and those from black and diverse communities
- Co-written a chapter entitled 'Risk and Safety: a strengthbased perspective in working with black families when there are safeguarding concerns' in Social Work in a Diverse Society: Transformative practice with black and ethnic minority individual and communities with Prof. Claudia Bernard and contributed my practice knowledge to her book entitled - Safeguarding Black Children
- Doctoral Researcher at University of Sussex Looking at how we embed Anti-Racist Leadership into the heart of Social Work – An Autoethnographic Study
- I use my position, passion, personal and professional 'living' experience of racism and oppression to be the voice for the 'unheard' and to represent the needs of diverse communities using a strength-based lens. Contact me on twitter @ShantelThomas77 or email:

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Minimising Language and Everyday Racism (Micro-**Aggressions**

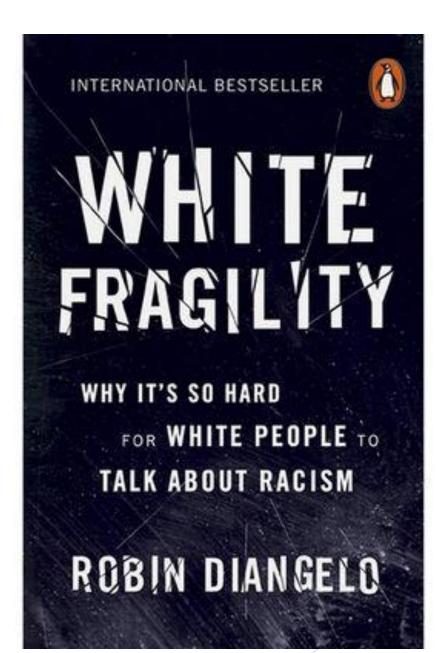


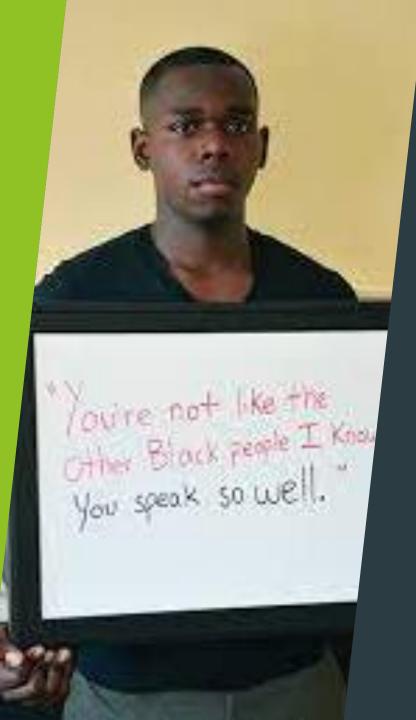


When I talk to white people about racism, their responses are so predictable I sometimes feel as though we are all reciting lines from a shared script. And on some level, we are, because we are all actors in a shared culture...it is white people's responsibility to be less fragile.



Robin Di'Angelo, (2018)





A Note on Language...

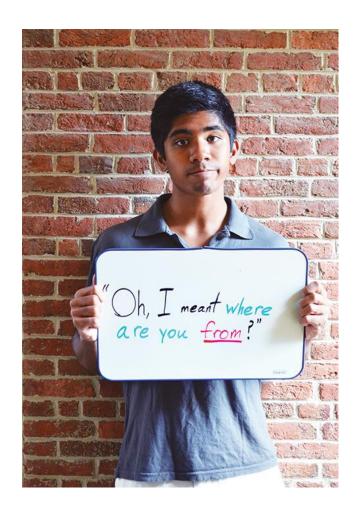
- BAME It's a clumsy acronym which categorises people as a homogenous group
- Black, Brown, White, Global majority
- Colour blindness "I don't see colour, I just see people" OR "there's only one race, the human race"
- Minimising "all lives matter"



Examples of micro-aggression?

- TV Shows featuring mostly white people
- Buildings named after white, upper class men
- "Where are you really from?"
- "You speak good English"
- "Everyone can succeed in this society if they work hard"
- "Are you the cleaner?"

Lets talk about microaggression





https://practicesupervisors.rip.org.uk/landi
ng-page/trauma-attuned
system/



Let's discuss...



Whiteness and White Privilege



White privilege is an absence of the consequences of racism. An absence of structural discrimination. An absence of your race being viewed as a problem, first and foremost.



Reni Eddo-Lodge (2017)

THE NO.1 SUNDAY TIMES BESTSELLER

Reni Eddo-Lodge

WHY I'M NO LONGER TALKING



BLOOMSBURY



Concepts of Whiteness...

- Whiteness A racial identity created by upper-class colonialists to distinguish themselves from indentured servants and slaves. A guarantee against being enslaved.
- White Supremacy A system of exploitation to maintain wealth, power and white privilege.
- White Privilege An unacknowledged system of favouritism and advantage granted to white people as the beneficiaries of historical conquest. Benefits include preferential treatment, exemption from group oppression and immunity from perpetuating social inequity

Systemic Racism - some statistics...

- Black children are 3.5 times more likely to be excluded from school
- Black young people are 4 times more likely to be arrested than their white peers
- Black people are more than 10 times likely to be stopped and searched than white people
- ▶ 46% of Black households in the UK are in poverty compared to 20% of white households
- Black people see more than twice the unemployment levels than white people
- Black women are more than 5 times to die in pregnancy than white women

Systemic racism - some statistics...

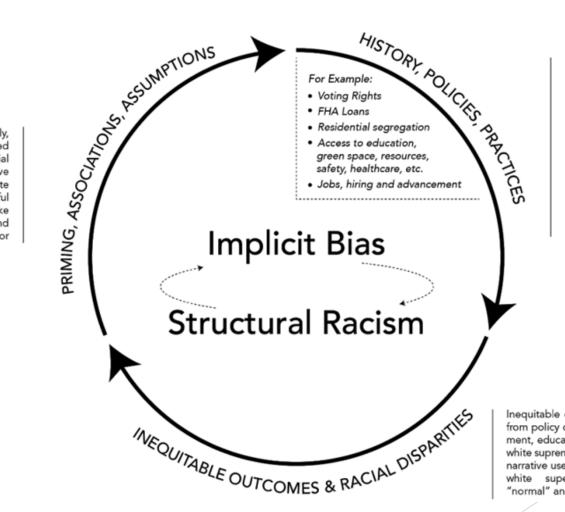


- Black social work students are more likely to take longer to pass their placement (Fairtlough et al, 2014; Tedam, 2015)
- Black and minoritised newly qualified social workers are more likely to fail their ASYE (Carter, 2012; Samuel, 2021)
- Black and minoritised social workers are more likely to be subject to fitness to practice investigations (Spillet, 2014, 2018; Samuel, 2020)



- Black and minoritised social workers are less likely to progress to senior leadership roles (DfE, 2019; Bernard, 2020)
- A White Male is <u>six times as likely to be a Senior</u>
 <u>Manager</u> as a Black Female (Spillet, 2014, 2018)
- Workplace racism is described as a barrier for black and minority ethnic workers progressing in their career. (Brockmann et al. 2001; Acker, 2006; Kline 2012; Love 2019)

Dominant narratives about race (family, media, society) coupled with racialized structural arrangements and differential outcomes by race all prime us to believe that people of color are inferior to white people, create and maintain harmful associations, and lead us to make harmful assumptions, consciously and unconsciously, about people of color



Race is created to justify enslaving people from Africa (economic engine of country)

Policies and practices that consolidate and protect power bestow unearned economic, social, cultural, and political advantage to people called "white," and unearned disadvantage to people of color

National narrative (ideology, belief system) about people of color being "less than" human (and less than white) justifies mistreatment and inequality (white supremacy)

Inequitable outcomes and experiences resulting from policy decisions in health, housing, employment, education, and life expectancy - reinforces white supremacist beliefs and ideology; dominant narrative uses disparate outcomes as evidence of white superiority, promotes whiteness as "normal" and desirable and justifies inequality

Injustice anywhere is a threat to justice everywhere.



Our lives begin to end, the day we become silent about things that matter.

I have a dream that one day, my four little children will live in a nation where they will not be judged by the colour of their skin, but by the content of their character.



Dr. Martin Luther King Jnr. - 1929-1968



White Allyship **White Supremacy** White Indifference White Awareness DEPARTMENT INDIFFERENCE Accepts, and in some cases promotes. Racism is a complex interaction Passionate defender of western Belief that racism is real and that it is a theories designed to justify white universalism, academic freedom and the product of 'prejudice plus power' between structural, ideological, dominance and racial hierarchy right to offend. Characterised by a desire to critically institutional and behavioural typically associated with 'scientific Belief in meritocracy but also recognises reflect. processes, but it can be overcome. racism'. that some (deserving) disadvantaged Functions like a mental illness that only Characterised by the desire to take Fear/loathing/exoticisation of the people need help. responsibility for change, which is white people have (Katz) hence focus on non-white other which may be overt Characterised by a refusal to take a 'discovering' unconscious bias and not restricted to behaviour alone. serious look at racism and views anticognitive distortions. Focus on paradigm shifts and or covert. Characterised by the 'white gaze'. racist initiatives as ideological endeavours concrete interventions Desire to engage with 'black issues and Belief that we live in a meritocracy. linked to culture wars and political people, but only in limited spaces Dynamic and creative solutions Uncritical/favourable view of empire correctness. (committees, training events) through co-creation. and colonialism - the white man's Self-concept is based on being rational This may be as a result of feeling guilty Rejection of deficit models and and moral, which results in avoidance of acceptance of the link between of historic racism and/or a desire to burden. responsibility for discriminatory make some amends. white privilege and educational Subscribes to scientific racism. behaviour! White privilege is recognised and outcomes. *Black underachievement is seen to Willing to 'tolerate'/'fetishize'/'pity the Share power, privilege, risk and becomes a source of shame and be due to their 'non-white' other. dysfunctionality/pathology. embarrassment. vulnerability.

Note: *The term 'black' here is used to denote all those people who are positioned outside of whiteness and as a result experience racial disadvantage. The degree of racial disadvantage will vary as a result of other factors primarily associated with gender, class, ethnicity.

Most activity however restricted to self-

development and deployment of

Onus on white people to overcome

politically correct language.

unconscious bias.

Actively divesting from histories,

Onus on white to build sustained

partnerships with black people.

systems and structures that

reproduce racism.

Happy to make tokenistic gestures, but

complicity in the (re)production of racism.

Whiteness is denied, so it functions as an

absent/invisible/mythical norm leaving

Onus on Black People to build up their

total refusal to accept one's own

white privilege intact.

'resilience'.

badges of honour

natural order.

place.

Whiteness and its proxies' function as

White privilege is rationalised as the

Onus on black People to accept their

The heartbeat of antiracism is self-reflection, recognition, admission and fundamentally self critique...one either allows racial inequities to persevere, as a racist OR confronts racial inequities as an antiracist - there is no in-between safe space of 'non-racist' - the claim of 'non-racist' neutrality is a mask for racism.

Ibram.X.Kendi (2019)





TO BE ANTIRACIST IBRAM X. KENDI

I identify how I may unknowingly benefit from Racism.

I recognize racism is a present & current problem.

I promote & advocate for policies & leaders that are Anti-Racist.

I deny racism is a problem.

I seek out questions that make me uncomfortable.

I sit with my discomfort.

I avoid hard questions.

I understand my own privilege in ignoring racism.

I speak out when I see Racism in action.

Becoming Anti-Racist

Fear Zone

Learning Zone

Growth Zone

I strive to be comfortable.

I education myself about race & structural racism.

I educate my peers how Racism harms our profession.

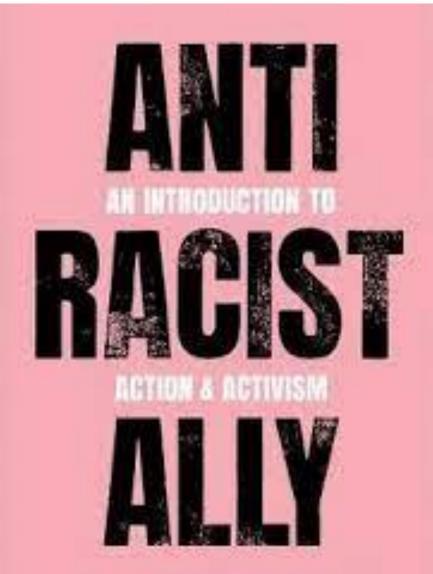
I talk to others who look & think like me.

I am vulnerable about my own biases & knowledge gaps. I don't let mistakes deter me from being better.

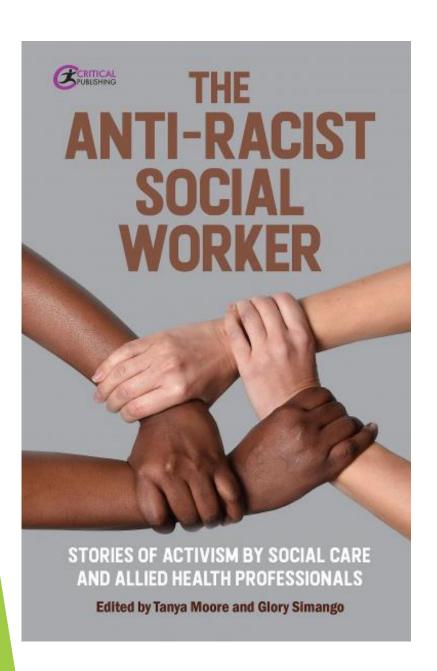
I listen to others who think & look differently than me.

I yield positions of power to those otherwise marginalized.

I surround myself with others who think & look differently than me.



SOPHIE WILLIAMS



HIDDEN
NARRATIVES
FROM SOCIAL
WORKERS
OF COLOUR

From Black & Other Global Majority Communities









I did then what I knew how to do. Now that I know better, I do better. Do the best you can until you know better and when you know better, DO BETTER!

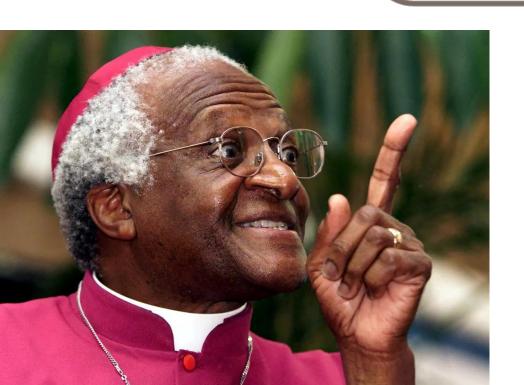


Maya Angelou -1928-2014





Do your little bit of good where you are; it's those little bits of good put together that overwhelm the world.



Desmond Tutu - 1931-2021

References



- ► Barnardo's (2020) How Systemic Racism Effects Young People in the UK https://www.barnardos.org.uk/blog/how-systemic-racism-affects-young-people-uk
- Bernard, C (2022) Intersectionality for Social Workers. Routledge
- Eddo-Lodge, R. (2020). Why I'm no longer talking to white people about race. Bloomsbury Publishing.
- DiAngelo, R. (2018). White fragility: Why it's so hard for white people to talk about racism. Beacon Press.
- ▶ Kendi, I. X. (2019). *How to be an antiracist*. One world.
- Williams, S. (2020) Anti Racist Ally: An Introduction to Action and Activism. HQ

Resources



- ► Tavistock Policy Seminar: Whiteness A problem for our time. Recording of the Tavistock Policy Seminar with Helen Morgan, examining white privilege and white fragility from a psychoanalytic perspective. This presentation is rooted in the assumption that the problem of racism is a problem of whiteness and that an examination of this construct of whiteness needs to be central to seeking a solution to this destructive dynamic. <a href="https://clicks.eventbrite.com/f/a/PkTWP4aCvR3jg6WTue9ZPA~~/AAQxAQA~/RgRh5sRcP0QraHR0cHM6Ly93d3cueW91dHViZS5jb20vd2F0Y2g_dj01bjFwUkx0ZExGc1cDc3BjQgpgAtyQBWDx2h6yUhxsb3Vpc2Uuc2ltc0Bjb3JhbWJhYWYtb3JnLnVrWAQAAAAA
- ► Learning tool Critical conversations in social work supervision https://practice-supervisors.rip.org.uk/wpcontent/uploads/2021/01/PT_Critical-conversations-in-social-worksupervision_Final.pdf
- Article This article is thought provoking and has some useful ideas to navigate/ give organisations a map through Structural racism. https://www.usni.org/magazines/proceedings/2020/july/we-dont-need-conversations-we-need-systemic-change